

COMMENT IN TEUTON PRESS VERY BITTER

Wilson's Policy Towards
Britain Described As
Weak By the Semi-Of-
ficial Papers of Berlin

MAKING CANNON AND
PRAYING FOR PEACE

'Breach of Neutrality' Is
What Paper Says of the
Note To Germany—Says
Britain Favored Always

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
LONDON, February 14.—Emphatic disapproval of the tone of the American note to Great Britain, protesting against the use of the American flag for the purpose of protecting British shipping is evidenced in the comments of the German press, according to dispatches which come by way of Amsterdam and other neutral news centers. The German press is bitter in its comments concerning what it alleges to be the open friendship of America for the British. President Wilson coming in for a measure of personal criticism.

The Frankfurter Zeitung says that President Wilson's note is as feeble as the rest of his diplomacy, while the Kreuz Zeitung calls the American note to Germany, which warns of the grave complications that will result from the sinking of any American ship, a breach of neutrality.

THROW OFF MASK
The German press, including the official papers, say the British editorial writers have thrown off the smiling mask which has been directed towards the United States since the beginning of the war, and are showing the same countenance which Admiral Dewey caught a glimpse of at Manila Bay.

A Reuter's dispatch from Amsterdam quotes the Frankfurter Zeitung's editorial references to the American note. "President Wilson's note to England," it says, "is undeserving the name of a protest. It is feeble, like President Wilson's entire policy so far as England is concerned."

TWO TREATMENTS
"The Washington recipe for England appears to be: 'Wash his fur, but don't wet his skin.' There is quite a different recipe when Germany is concerned. "Any state which, day and night, makes cannons and bombs and other war supplies for your enemies, and by way of amends prays to God for peace, need not expect that any of its warnings will affect us morally."

CAUSTIC COMMENT
The full text of the American note to Germany has not been published, although it has been received by the British foreign office. A synopsis of the warning has been given out, however, and is prominently displayed in all the newspapers, with bitter and caustic comments.

BREACH OF NEUTRALITY
The Kreuz Zeitung, editorially says: "The American note amounts to a breach of neutrality unless America has informed Britain that misuse of neutral flags will cause serious consequences. Let nobody say that America proves her neutrality by accepting the German declaration regarding submarine warfare in the same spirit as Britain's abuse of neutral flags."

THEY FOOL THEMSELVES
The Kolnische Zeitung features a declaration from Count von Reutlow, the noted naval critic, in which he says:

"We gather the impression here from expressions reaching Germany across the seas. If the American people believe they can handle the German government as they desire, they fool themselves."

SECOND GERMAN WARNING
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
THE HAGUE, February 14.—The German minister of the navy

POINCARÉ VISITS ALSATIAN TOWNS

Greeted With Enthusiasm By the
People — Berlin Claims
Some Successes

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
LONDON, February 14.—There has been little fighting in the western theater of the war, according to the latest dispatches from the front, neither side making any concerted efforts at offensive. Reports from German sources say that the Germans have made some inconsequential gains in the Argonne, concerning which no references are made from Paris.

The feature of the news from France is the enthusiastic reception given to President Poincaré and Alexandre Millerand, the minister of war, in their recent visit to the towns held by the French in Alsace. There the French President and his minister were greeted as liberators and the utmost enthusiasm was created by the statement of President Poincaré that the Tricolor was in Alsace never again to leave it.

The two officials made a tour of inspection along the entire western battlefield, being everywhere received with acclamations.

BERLIN REPORTS GAINS
The official statement from Berlin says: "The bombs of hostile aviation yesterday caused regrettable damage among the civilian population of Belgium. The military losses were slight. "Some artillery ammunition found on the western front tonight was originated in American factories. "North of Maaslog, continuing our attacks we captured another 1200 meters of French trenches. In eastern Flanders our operations are everywhere progressing satisfactorily. Wherever the enemy attempts resistance, his opposition is quickly broken. On the right bank of the Vesdre we have crossed the lower Marva. Nothing important is occurring on the left bank."

SUFFERING MEXICO MAY YET SEE AN INTERNATIONAL FORCE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
EL PASO, February 14.—The Villa forces, after a slight and much fighting, have finally been able to force their way into Guadalupe and now occupy that important city.

VANDALS ARE BUST
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, February 13.—The Zapatistas are carrying out a program of destruction in Mexico City, according to reports received here today, destroying the capital's waterworks. The vandals have become more critical. The indications are that the Carrancistas may soon evacuate the city, according to official advice.

JARRARCA'S TROUBLES COMING
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
LONDON, February 13.—An El Hunge Telegraph report from a reliable correspondent in Madrid is that Spain has appealed to the Powers to obtain action in ending the state of anarchy in Mexico. The report is deeply aroused at the expulsion of the Spanish minister.

WILSON'S MEDIATORS
ARE TURNED DOWN
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
DENVER, February 14.—Seventy of the Colorado coal operators, exclusive of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, whose mines were the scene of the strike and lockouts, have declined the "good offices" of John W. Davis, of New York, who heads the Wilson mediation committee. These operators state that the relations between them and their employees are amicable and that they, therefore, deem it unwise for the commission to visit the scene.

OWA JOINING THE
PROGRESSIVE STATES
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
DES MOINES, February 13.—The senate yesterday passed both a prohibition statute and a woman's suffrage amendment to the state constitution. They now go to the house. The prohibition statute will take effect in January, 1916, pending action on a constitutional amendment.

AMERICAN HONORED BY
GOVERNMENT OF JAPAN
(Special Cable to Nippon Jiji.)
TOKYO, Japan, February 13.—John Waddell, formerly of Kansas City and now pastor of a church in San Antonio, Texas, has been given a degree in engineering by the Japanese government for service in Japan as professor in the Imperial University, Tokyo. Mr. Waddell is one of the few Americans to receive degrees from the Japanese government.

has issued another warning to neutral shipping to the effect that, in view of the alleged declaration that all British ports are to be regarded as war ports and that the use of the flag of a neutral nation will be permitted to British shipping entering and leaving such ports, it will be dangerous for all neutral merchant ships to visit the waters prescribed in the first German warning after the eighteenth of this month.

DRINK OPENS CELL DOOR TO SOLDIER SINTON

Temperance Argument Forcibly Presented In Court

(From Sunday Advertiser.)
In the sentencing of Benjamin Sinton, who pleaded guilty of manslaughter, John Barleycorn came in for a warm roast by Judge Ashford yesterday. The jurist savaged alcohol, and booze in general, in strong, warm terms. In sentiments expressed he was joined by A. L. C. Atkinson, both the judge and lawyer saying that it was a shame that no law existed which could bring about the punishment of the man who furnished the deadly and maddening liquid to one who, while under its murderous influence, went out and killed his fellowman.

Benjamin Sinton, an enlisted man charged with murder in the first degree, his victim having been William De Free, a soldier whose time of service had expired, was before Judge Ashford yesterday morning for arraignment and plea. De Free was killed by Sinton, the night of January 27, in a vacant lot in the rear of the Schuman garage, following what is claimed to have been a drunken brawl. With a brief, Sinton went out De Free's brains, hatching his hand almost beyond recognition.

Charge Reduced
The first degree murder charge was reduced yesterday, with the consent of the city attorney's department, to a charge of manslaughter in the first degree. To the reduced charge Sinton pleaded guilty and was sentenced by Judge Ashford to fifteen years' imprisonment at hard labor in Oahu Prison, the costs of court being remitted. Attorney Atkinson, whom the court had assigned to defend Sinton, made a statement to the court, in behalf of his client:

"The matter now before the court is the sentence," said Lawyer Atkinson. "The term is of vital interest to the defendant. The first idea I wish to bring before the court is that defendant has pleaded guilty. Until now he has the experience by intimate knowledge of a man's ideas when he is charged with such crime, one can hardly conceive what it means to make up one's mind to plead guilty. When the matter comes before the court as it does before me, I don't think any one realizes what this man has gone through."

"Now, if the court please, this case under the evidence brought out in the coroner's inquest, shows an over-indulgence in alcohol, practically pure alcohol. The men were drunk, in a drunken frenzy, and in a drunken brawl, and the victim met his death. "In opening, I said one does not know what a defendant goes through who is charged with such a serious crime—the mental anguish and agony of the whole thing. When such defendant is charged with a crime, in the first place, that he is not only sorry for the crime and penitent and distraught, but sorry for his action in getting drunk, sorry for his over-indulgence, and sorry for everything. It is a terrible thing, one of the most terrible things in a man's life."

Disgraceful Duty, Says Judge
"Mr. Sinton, it is one of the heaviest and most disgraceful duties that any man, with a heart in his breast, can have to perform, that he should be called upon to pronounce sentence upon one of his fellow creatures and fellow citizens for a crime such as this to which you have pleaded guilty," began Judge Ashford. "The great defect of our criminal laws, and they are full of defects, but I think the one that stands out most prominently is this, that it is impossible for any court to impose a sentence for crime, the punishment, and the stain, and the agony and the weight of which shall rest only upon the person convicted. In other words, no man lives for any by himself. Every man has relatives, near or remote. I picture that you have a family, parents, perhaps, brothers and sisters and others, back in Pennsylvania, where you were born, or elsewhere in the States, is that the fact?"

"Yes, sir," answered Sinton.
"Your mother living?" asked the judge.
"Yes, sir," replied the defendant.

Refreshment Falls on Others
"I am really wishing to me to contemplate the terrible agony that your mother will suffer on your account," continued Judge Ashford. "If this punishment could be so segregated and separated that it would affect only you, you who are the guilty person, why, I would feel that we might then have some reasonable hope of executing the criminal law, in the spirit and with the object in view, the hope of achieving the object with which they are passed, but, with you, just as with the men who are fighting their country's battles on the fields of Europe at the present time, it is not you alone, it is not they alone, who suffer, who are wounded or killed; as the case may be. I have heard this sentiment expressed by a Grand Army veteran in this city, who is still active, and he expressed it in words something like these:

"The Boon of Sorrow
"The bullet that wounded or killed a soldier at Bull Run, or Cold Harbor, or Malvern Hill, or wherever else the case might be, did not stop when it had wounded or killed that soldier, but it continued its destructive course to the city or the village or the hamlet or the country place, in the North or in the South, as the case might be, where the mother and other relatives of that soldier resided, and found a place in one or more of the hearts of his family or friends."

Francis Heney Wins
LOS ANGELES BRIDE
LOS ANGELES, February 14.—Francis Heney, the widely known criminal lawyer recently a candidate for the senate on the Progressive ticket, was married here yesterday to Mrs. Edna I. Vanhook.

PAZOS CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded.—Made by PARIS MEDICINE CO., Saint Louis U. S. of A.

Wishes Hawaii Had a Czar To
Wipe Out Alcohol By a Stroke
of the Pen



A. L. C. ATKINSON

asking for anything of that kind; he asks justice.
"Under the statute the crime of manslaughter in the first degree is punishable with imprisonment from ten to twenty years, and a plea of guilty to this charge is a plea for justice. I plead for a fair consideration of this case."

Murderer's Fine Past Record
"I would like to mention to the court, and to have the court consider in imposing sentence, the fact that he is a soldier with an honorable record. He is in his fifth term of service, with four honorable discharges. He answered the call of his country in 1898 as a volunteer from Pennsylvania, enlisted as a regular during the Philippine insurrection and has enlisted four times since then. His officer came to me and told me that he would give me any help in his power; that he was a good soldier, and he volunteered to help in any way. The officer was from Fort Armstrong."

"He feels remorse, but does not beg for mercy; he is here to ask for his sentence; by his plea he means that he asks for a sentence and he asks for justice, and, I think, shows in a manly way that he is willing to take his medicine. I have had a very interesting time with him; he has shown himself a man of intelligence, and while he has no excuse to make, except that it was done in a drunken frenzy, to say that he is sorry, to say that he is really sorry, this matter, is hardly to express the doing properly."

"He knows it is a serious matter and he is here to take what is coming to him and ask that justice be done in the premises. He desires to pay the penalty."

"Mr. Brown," asked Judge Ashford, "have you anything to say?"
"No, your honor, I have not. I leave it entirely to the court," replied Deputy City Attorney A. M. Brown.

Recall of Life Impossible
"Nothing that I can do and nothing that you can do will bring back that life; it is gone forever and is past recall. No remorse of yours will put you back to a state of life; no remorse of yours will alleviate the suffering of his mother, his father, his brothers and sisters."

"You are thirty-six years old. The law provides that you must be sentenced to imprisonment for not less than ten years nor more than twenty. If for only ten years, you would emerge from prison at the age of forty-six, or somewhat less if your conduct is good, but you are a wrecked man. Your career is broken and for what? Simply for a momentary indulgence in this infernal alcoholic beverage that stole away your brains. It is almost hopeless to expect that human nature will ever fully awaken to the absolutely absurd and illogical condition which arises from and which follows the drinking of intoxicating liquor as a beverage."

Sinton is sentenced
"Here you are, then, and I must impose sentence. It is the sentence of the court that you, Benjamin Sinton, be imprisoned, at hard labor, in Oahu Prison for a term of fifteen years from this date and the costs of court are remitted. That is all."

Asks Emergency Fund of \$10,000
To Keep Hurricane Victims
Alive Until Harvest

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, February 13.—Secretary of the Navy Joseph Daniels yesterday sent an emergency message to the House naval committee asking an immediate appropriation of \$10,000 to be used in relief work among the natives of the island of Guam in American Samoa which was visited on February 8 by hurricane, earthquake and tidal waves, practically leveling the entire island in water.

Secretary Daniels acted on the request of Lieut. Charles A. Woodruff, commanding the American naval station at Tutuila, who pointed out that \$10,000 was needed to keep three thousand natives of Samoa from starvation and suffering. Samoa island is about seventy-five miles from Tutuila.

In his reports of the devastation wrought, Lieutenant Woodruff stated that practically all crops and houses were destroyed, and that it would be years before crops could be grown to sustain the population.

NO DEVELOPMENTS
IN ORIENTAL TROUBLE
(Special Cable to Nippon Jiji.)
TOKYO, Japan, February 13.—No further developments were reported today in the endeavor of President Yuan Shih-kai and H. H. Keld, Japanese minister to Peking, to perfect negotiations between Japan and China.

An official announcement from the foreign office is that Yuan Shih-kai and Minister Keld will again meet in conference within a few days, when it is expected the latter will act according to new instructions which have been forwarded to him by the Japanese government.

SOLDIERS CLASH
WITH POLICE AT
PANAMA CARNIVAL
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
PANAMA, February 14.—American soldiers were ordered to leave this city yesterday by the Panamanian authorities, the order to remain in force until the conclusion of the annual carnival activities now under way.

This order came after a serious clash had occurred between the Americans in uniform and the Panamanian citizens, in which the native police took a hand. The affair developed into a street battle between the police and the soldiers, in the course of which three police officers were killed and five of the soldiers met their death.

There were many wounded on each side, the police using their side arms freely, while the soldiers used clubs and stones.

An intense feeling has been aroused both among the Panamanians and among the soldiers, and while every effort is being made by the authorities to prevent another clash, in which the loss of life might be very heavy, it is feared that there will be further trouble.

WILHELMINA CARGO
FOR THE BELGIANS
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
LONDON, February 13.—The Wilhelm's cargo will likely be sold direct to the American Relief Committee without going through a prize court, thus avoiding judicial decision on the status of food consigned to the enemy.

RAILROADS INDICTED
FOR DISCRIMINATION
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
CARSON CITY, Nevada, February 13.—The Southern Pacific and the Western Pacific Railroad corporations were yesterday indicted for alleged violations of the Interstate Commerce Act, after an investigation by a federal grand jury. Discrimination between shippers and the granting of rebates constitute the charges. The indictments find one count against the Southern Pacific and ten against the Western Pacific.

PACIFIC MAIL ABLE
TO GO RIGHT ON
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, February 13.—The interstate commerce commission in a decision made public today, holds that the Pacific Mail Steamship Company may compete for coastwise traffic between United States points, between Mexico and the United States and for foreign countries, the decision making no change in the present status.

MAYOR HEADS COMMITTEE
ON JAPAN-U. S. RELATIONS
(Special Cable to the Nippon Jiji.)
TOKYO, February 13.—Sagami Y. Makumoto, mayor of Tokyo, has been appointed by the government as chairman of the Japanese committee on American-Japanese relations.

TROUBLE Averted
That little cold and sore throat of yours must be checked at once or it may develop into something worse. Take a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and your troubles will soon vanish. For sale by all Dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

WORKING TO STOP
EXPORT OF FLOUR
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, February 13.—A bill which would empower the President to place an embargo on the exportation of wheat and flour was introduced in the House of Representatives by Congressman Part of Ohio.

DANIELS APPEALS FOR THE SAMOANS

Asks Emergency Fund of \$10,000
To Keep Hurricane Victims
Alive Until Harvest

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, February 13.—Secretary of the Navy Joseph Daniels yesterday sent an emergency message to the House naval committee asking an immediate appropriation of \$10,000 to be used in relief work among the natives of the island of Guam in American Samoa which was visited on February 8 by hurricane, earthquake and tidal waves, practically leveling the entire island in water.

Secretary Daniels acted on the request of Lieut. Charles A. Woodruff, commanding the American naval station at Tutuila, who pointed out that \$10,000 was needed to keep three thousand natives of Samoa from starvation and suffering. Samoa island is about seventy-five miles from Tutuila.

In his reports of the devastation wrought, Lieutenant Woodruff stated that practically all crops and houses were destroyed, and that it would be years before crops could be grown to sustain the population.

NO DEVELOPMENTS
IN ORIENTAL TROUBLE
(Special Cable to Nippon Jiji.)
TOKYO, Japan, February 13.—No further developments were reported today in the endeavor of President Yuan Shih-kai and H. H. Keld, Japanese minister to Peking, to perfect negotiations between Japan and China.

An official announcement from the foreign office is that Yuan Shih-kai and Minister Keld will again meet in conference within a few days, when it is expected the latter will act according to new instructions which have been forwarded to him by the Japanese government.

SOLDIERS CLASH
WITH POLICE AT
PANAMA CARNIVAL
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
PANAMA, February 14.—American soldiers were ordered to leave this city yesterday by the Panamanian authorities, the order to remain in force until the conclusion of the annual carnival activities now under way.

This order came after a serious clash had occurred between the Americans in uniform and the Panamanian citizens, in which the native police took a hand. The affair developed into a street battle between the police and the soldiers, in the course of which three police officers were killed and five of the soldiers met their death.

There were many wounded on each side, the police using their side arms freely, while the soldiers used clubs and stones.

An intense feeling has been aroused both among the Panamanians and among the soldiers, and while every effort is being made by the authorities to prevent another clash, in which the loss of life might be very heavy, it is feared that there will be further trouble.

WILHELMINA CARGO
FOR THE BELGIANS
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
LONDON, February 13.—The Wilhelm's cargo will likely be sold direct to the American Relief Committee without going through a prize court, thus avoiding judicial decision on the status of food consigned to the enemy.

RAILROADS INDICTED
FOR DISCRIMINATION
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
CARSON CITY, Nevada, February 13.—The Southern Pacific and the Western Pacific Railroad corporations were yesterday indicted for alleged violations of the Interstate Commerce Act, after an investigation by a federal grand jury. Discrimination between shippers and the granting of rebates constitute the charges. The indictments find one count against the Southern Pacific and ten against the Western Pacific.

PACIFIC MAIL ABLE
TO GO RIGHT ON
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, February 13.—The interstate commerce commission in a decision made public today, holds that the Pacific Mail Steamship Company may compete for coastwise traffic between United States points, between Mexico and the United States and for foreign countries, the decision making no change in the present status.

MAYOR HEADS COMMITTEE
ON JAPAN-U. S. RELATIONS
(Special Cable to the Nippon Jiji.)
TOKYO, February 13.—Sagami Y. Makumoto, mayor of Tokyo, has been appointed by the government as chairman of the Japanese committee on American-Japanese relations.

TROUBLE Averted
That little cold and sore throat of yours must be checked at once or it may develop into something worse. Take a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and your troubles will soon vanish. For sale by all Dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

WORKING TO STOP
EXPORT OF FLOUR
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
WASHINGTON, February 13.—A bill which would empower the President to place an embargo on the exportation of wheat and flour was introduced in the House of Representatives by Congressman Part of Ohio.

DYNAMITER IS CAUGHT AFTER A LONG CHASE

'Squinty' Schmidt, Want-
ed For Los Angeles Times
Outrage Finally Landed
By the Police Authorities

Identified As Similar To
Those Used In Los An-
geles and This Fact Gave
Police a Leading Clue

MADE BOMBS IN NEW
YORK OF OWN KIND

(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
NEW YORK, February 14.—After having succeeded for more than three years in eluding the police of the entire world, who had been set on his trail, Matthew A. Schmidt was arrested here yesterday as a fugitive from justice on an indictment found in Los Angeles in October, 1910, charging him with complicity in the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times building earlier in the same month of that year.

The arrest of Schmidt came after long and tedious following up of a clue furnished here by an explosion on July 4, 1914, in which the attention of the police was attracted by the similarity of the bombs used with those used to in the Times explosion.

LONG A MYSTERY
Schmidt has been one of the mysteries of the celebrated Times dynamiting case. He came out of obscurity only to be identified as one of the men who negotiated for the purchase of a large quantity of dynamite which was afterward identified as having been delivered to the leaders in the Times outrage in which twenty-three lives were lost.

He was traced to having taken an automobile which took him into Nevada and then be dropped out of sight. He has a deformity of the eye which seemingly would have made tracing easy and yet he avoided capture. On several occasions he was reported dead.

MANY DOING TIME
In the mean time John J. McNamara and James B. McNamara, brothers, and both officers of the Structural Ironworkers of America, were arrested, tried and convicted in Los Angeles of having been directly responsible for the crime. John McNamara was the brains of the dynamite plot and James McNamara carried it out. Both are serving long terms in a California prison.

More than a score of other officers of the Structural Ironworkers who were connected with dynamiting cases throughout the United States were brought to justice, tried in the federal court at Indianapolis and sentenced in terms of varied lengths in federal prisons. And in all this time Schmidt eluded all police officers until his arrest yesterday.

Honolulu will remember that in the Times explosion one of the lives sacrificed was that of Churchill Harvey-Elder, who had been night editor on The Advertiser and left Honolulu about one month before meeting his untimely end to take the position of night city editor on the Times.

DRIFTING SNOW IS
DEEP IN NEBRASKA
LINCOLN, Nebraska, February 14.—Violent snow and wind storms now prevailing threaten to tie up the traffic of the northwestern and central Nebraska. The snow is drifting deeply in the railway cuts and all trains are being delayed.

TONG WAR MARKS
CHINESE NEW YEAR
(Associated Press by Federal Wireles.)
VANCOUVER, February 13.—Three Chinese were killed here today as a result of a tong war that broke out on Chinese New Year's Day.

BERLIN, February 14.—Advisers from Constantinople say that the Poles will enter a protest against the action of the Russians in sinking the Washington, an American steamer, while sinking the American flag. The Turkish government will bring the incident to the attention of the American department of state.